# 2022 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Southwest Rankin Water Association PWS#: 0610026 & 0610040 June 2023

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

## **About Our System**

Southwest Rankin Water Association (SWR) is a small rural water system with four employees governed by a Board of Directors consisting of seven members. SWR is compliant with the required Board Member training as well as the advanced Board Member Training. SWR strives to deliver quality water and maintain a rate as friendly as possible while keeping the bills paid. SWR has replaced approximately 50 water meters due to age and inaccuracy over the past year. We painted one elevated tank as well as cleaned two ground storage tanks and replaced aeration media in an updraft aerator. One of our six wells was replaced with a new pump and motor as well as all new column pipe. Approximately one thousand feet of water main has been replaced to better serve the system. SWR replaced fire hydrants in several locations to improve functionality as well as installed new valves and blow-offs. Due to the install of additional internet availability in our area a large water line location effort has taken place on our system with the installation of permanent markers to hopefully prevent disruption of service caused by damage to underground water lines.

### **Contact & Meeting Information**

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Rickey Bridges at 601.845.2440. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of each month at 7:30 PM at the office located at 201 South County Line Road, Florence, MS 39073.

### Source of Water

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand, Cockfield Formation and the Catahoula Formation Aquifers. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the SW Rankin Water Association have received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

# **Period Covered by Report**

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. This report is based on results of our monitoring period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2022, the table reflects the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations.

As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

### **Terms and Abbreviations**

In the table you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

<u>Action Level (AL)</u>: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

<u>Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)</u>: The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

<u>Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)</u>: The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)</u>: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

<u>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)</u>: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter: one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

PWS ID#: 0610026				TEST RESUI	TS				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination	
Inorgani	c Conta	aminan	ts						
10. Barium	N	2022	.0529	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits	
Unregula	ited Co	ntamin	ants						
Sodium	N	2019*	35000	34000 - 35000	ppb	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.	
Disinfect	ion By	-Produ	cts						
81. HAA5	N	2022	2	0 - 1.58	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.	
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2022	7	0 - 15.9	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N	2022	1.6	.5 – 2.1	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes	

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

PWS ID#:	0010040	,	11	EST RESUI	L19					
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measuremen	MCLG	MCL	Likely So	ource of Contamination	
Microbiolo	ogical C	ontami	nants							
1. Total Coliform Bacteria	N	July	Positive	1	NA	0	Presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples		Naturally present in the environment	
Inorganic	Contan	ninants								
10. Barium	N	2022	.0531	.03920531	ppm	2	Discharge of drilling value discharge from metal erosion of natural departments		e from metal refineries;	
14. Copper	N	2018/20*	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbir systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives		
17. Lead	N	2018/20*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15		n of household plumbing , erosion of natural	
Unregulate	ed Cont	taminaı	nts							
Sodium	N	2019*	36000	35000 - 36000	ppb	0	0 0		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.	
Disinfection	n By-P	roduct	S							
Chlorine	N 2	2022 1	.4 .	36 – 1.8	ppm	0 MI		Water additive used to control microbes		

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2022.

Microbiological Contaminants:

(1) Total Coliform/E Coli. Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

During July 2022, our system # 610040 had 1 sample that tested positive for Coliform. The resamples came back clear showing that we are meeting drinking water standards.

### **LEAD INFORMATION**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

### **VIOLATIONS**

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

### **UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS**

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The South West Rankin Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.